

Leveraging Optimal Portfolio of Drought Tolerant Maize Varieties for Weather Index Insurance and Food Security

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- Does an optimally selected combination of maize varieties offer better protection against drought risk than common practices?

- What are the implications on scaling weather index insurance?

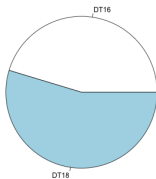
- **On farm trial data by CYMMYT & Partners in 2011**
 - 20 varieties; DT1, DT2,, DT19, Local variety (LV)
 - 49 locations
 - 20 Zimbabwe
 - 8 Malawi
 - 4 in Zambia, Uganda, Ethiopia
 - 3 Mozambique
 - 5 Kenya
 - 1 Tanzania
- 5 Mega environment
 - Dry lowland
 - Dry mid-altitude
 - Wet lower mid-altitude
 - Wet lowland
 - Wet upper mid altitude
- High resolution spatial daily rainfall data (1983-2013) from NOAA
 - Cumulative rainfall over growing season

Simulations & Downside Risk Portfolio Optimization

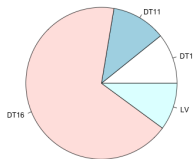
- Simulate 500 years of correlated space-time growing seasonal rainfall
- Predict yields & farm returns from 500 growing seasons
- Select an optimal combination of varieties in each environment that diversify drought risk and maximizes farm returns
- Compare performance of optimal portfolio to 3 baseline practices:
 - Portfolio of equal weights (**Naive**)
 - Relatively high yielding variety (**DT12**)
 - Popular local maize variety (**LV**)

Optimal downside risk portfolios by environment

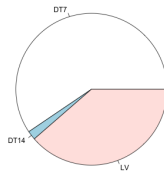
Dry lowland



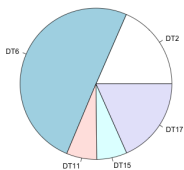
Dry mid-altitude



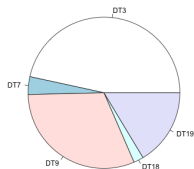
Wet lower mid-altitude



Low wetland



Wet upper mid-altitude



Insurance performance analysis (Gross returns)

	Baseline				% Change in Optimal		
	Optima	Naive	DT12	LV	Naive	DT12	LV
Dry lowland							
Premium rate	0.279	0.501	0.730	0.509	-44.35	-61.18	-45.27
Dry mid-altitude							
Premium rate	0.687	0.733	1.025	0.852	-6.30	-33.03	-19.40
Wet lower mid-altitude							
Premium rate	0.193	0.344	0.431	0.158	-43.76	-55.12	22.20
Low wetland							
Premium rate	0.347	0.452	0.884	0.921	-23.36	-60.81	-62.36
Wet upper mid-altitude							
Premium rate	0.422	0.708	1.100	1.100	-40.36	-61.60	-61.60

Key results & policy implications

- Optimally diversified portfolios - promising holistic risk management tool
 - Increases expected farm returns by 12 to 127 times
 - Reduces actuarially fair premium rates up to 31% - 55%
 - Potential to spur demand and supply of risk mitigation and transfer products
- Leverage diversified crop/varieties portfolios and Insurance across zones
- Combine seasonal weather forecast & optimum portfolio for better pricing
- Need for regulations to promote pilots/supply by insurers and reinsurance
- Complementary for contract farming and commodity trading

Thank you!

Questions, Comments?

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